#### West Virginia ADW Annual Personal Attendant Test Packet

#### **TEST: Universal Precautions**

Name: Score: /10

**Instructions**: Answer the following questions. For true/false questions, circle "True" or "False."

#### **True/False Questions**

- 1. True or False: Universal precautions are only important for healthcare workers.
  - o True
  - False
- 2. **True or False**: Workers should always assume that human blood is safe to handle without protection.
  - o True
  - o False
- 3. **True or False:** Washing hands before putting on gloves is an important step in preventing exposure to bloodborne pathogens.
  - True
  - False

#### **Multiple-Choice Questions**

- 4. What is the primary goal of universal precautions?
  - a. To prevent accidents at work.
  - b. To reduce the risk of exposure to diseases like HIV and hepatitis.
  - c. To encourage workers to wear gloves all the time.
  - d. To make sure workers don't touch anything with their hands.
- 5. Which of these is an example of a bloodborne pathogen?
  - a. The flu virus.
  - b. Hepatitis B (HBV).
  - c. A cold.
  - d. Allergies.
- 6. What is Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)?
  - a. Special clothing and tools used for protection from infections.
  - b. A uniform workers wear to look nice.
  - c. Equipment used for cleaning the workplace.
  - d. Tools used to assist with office tasks.
- 7. What should you do after removing gloves?
  - a. Throw them in the trash and wash your hands.
  - b. Keep them on until the end of the shift.

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- c. Reuse them if they are not too dirty.
- d. Leave them on until your next task.

# 8. Which of the following is NOT considered a common exposure to bloodborne pathogens?

- a. Needle sticks.
- b. Slipping on a wet floor.
- c. Cuts from contaminated objects.
- d. Blood splashing into eyes.

### 9. How often should contaminated work surfaces be cleaned with disinfectant?

- a. Only when they look dirty.
- b. Only after each contamination or spill.
- c. At the end of the day and after a contamination or spill.
- d. Only once a week.

### 10. What is the most important thing to do if blood splashes into your eyes?

- a. Wait for it to dry.
- b. Wash your eyes with water or saline immediately.
- c. Wipe your eyes with a tissue.
- d. Ignore it if it doesn't hurt.

## TEST: Abuse, Neglect, and Exploitation

Name: Score: /10

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**Instructions**: Answer the following questions. For true/false questions, circle "True" or "False."

#### **True/False Questions**

- 1. **True or False**: A worker must report abuse only if they witness the incident directly.
  - o True
  - False
- 2. **True or False**: Emotional and psychological abuse includes threats, humiliation, and forced isolation.
  - True
  - o False
- 3. **True or False**: Any suspicion of abuse or neglect must be reported to the Case Manager and/or Resource Consultant.
  - True
  - o False

#### **Multiple-Choice Questions**

- 4. Which of the following is NOT considered a sign of physical abuse?
  - a. Rope marks or welts.
  - b. Sunken eyes or dehydration.
  - c. Bruises around the arms or neck.
  - d. Infrequent, small injuries from regular daily activities.
- 5. What should you do if you suspect sexual abuse?
  - a. Call law enforcement immediately.
  - b. Wait to see if it happens again.
  - c. Confront the suspected abuser.
  - d. Ignore it unless the victim speaks up.
- 6. Which of the following is an example of financial exploitation?
  - a. Ignoring someone when they ask for help.
  - b. Withholding food or medical care.
  - c. Sudden changes in banking practices, such as multiple large withdrawals.
  - d. Providing physical care in a rough or careless manner.
- 7. What is an example of subtle abuse?
  - a. Refusing to help unless the person lends money.
  - b. Helping the person whenever they need assistance.
  - c. Making sure the person feels comfortable and supported.
  - d. Reporting suspected neglect to the authorities.
- 8. When should a worker report suspected abuse or neglect?
  - a. Only if they are 100% certain the incident happened.

- b. Anytime reasonable suspicion exists.
- c. After someone else files a report first.
- d. Only during working hours.

## 9. What should you do after making a verbal report of abuse to the hotline or DHHR?

- a. Wait for someone else to follow up.
- b. File a written report within 48 hours.
- c. Notify only the Case Manager.
- d. Nothing, as the verbal report is sufficient.

## 10. Which of the following is a sign of emotional and psychological abuse?

- a. Unexplained bruises on the arms.
- b. Sudden change in appetite and social withdrawal.
- c. Torn or bloody underwear.
- d. Weight loss due to poor nutrition.

#### TEST: HIPAA, Confidentiality, and Participant Rights

Name: Score: /10

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**Instructions**: Answer the following questions. For true/false questions, circle "True" or "False."

#### **True/False Questions**

- 1. **True or False**: HIPAA is a law created to protect individuals' medical records and personal health information.
  - True
  - False
- 2. **True or False**: It is acceptable to discuss a participant's medical condition in public places if you are careful not to mention their name.
  - o True
  - False
- 3. **True or False**: You can share a participant's Social Security number with family members if they ask for it.
  - True
  - False

#### **Multiple-Choice Questions**

- 4. What is Protected Health Information (PHI)?
  - a. Only a participant's medical condition.
  - b. Names, birthdays, Social Security numbers, and medical records.
  - c. Only email addresses and phone numbers.
  - d. Only participant's diagnosis or treatment plan.
- 5. What should you do if you accidentally expose a participant's information?
  - a. Ignore it if no one noticed.
  - b. Report the mistake to your Resource Consultant immediately.
  - c. Wait until the end of the day to report it.
  - d. Keep it a secret to avoid embarrassment.
- 6. Which of the following is a responsibility of a Personal Attendant regarding confidentiality?
  - a. Share the participant's medical condition with close family members.
  - b. Follow policies and procedures regarding confidentiality.
  - c. Discuss participant information freely with other workers.
  - d. Ignore confidentiality agreements if no one is around.
- 7. What is a good way to ensure the security of a participant's personal information?
  - a. Leave documents on the counter if you are not using them.
  - b. Keep all personal documents organized and report any loss immediately.

- c. Discuss medical details openly with family and friends.
- d. Share the participant's information only with other workers in your home.

# 8. What should you do if someone asks about another participant's Protected Health Information (PHI)?

- a. Share the information if you know it.
- b. Ignore the question if the person is a coworker.
- c. Be skeptical and ask questions if you are unsure of their authority.
- d. Tell them as much as you can, as long as they work in the same department.

#### 9. Which of the following is a correct use of participant information?

- a. Using their medical information to plan your personal schedule.
- b. Sharing their diagnosis with others who do not need to know.
- c. Using only necessary information to support the participant.
- d. Telling friends about the participant's health status.

## 10. What should you do if you are unsure whether sharing information violates HIPAA?

- a. Share the information and ask for forgiveness later.
- b. Ask for guidance from your Resource Consultant before sharing any information.
- c. Share the information with a coworker if they ask.
- d. Wait to see if the participant brings it up themselves.